



COLLOQUIUM  
UNIVERSITY OF CENTRAL FLORIDA

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**Dr. Michael Greenblatt**

will speak on

**Effective methods for resolving singularities in the plane with applications to analysis**

We describe an effective method for locally resolving the zero set of a real-analytic function  $f(x,y)$ . The method is geometric and involves doing a finite sequence of transformations taking a point  $(x,y)$  to a point  $(x, y - g(x^{1/N}))$  for appropriate real-analytic functions  $g$ , where  $N$  is an integer. After these transformations, a branch of the zero set of  $f(x,y)$  will be (locally) given by  $\{(x,y): x > 0, y = 0\}$  or  $\{(x,y): x < 0, y = 0\}$ . This method has applications to oscillatory integral operators, as well as to the determination of the largest  $e > 0$  for which the integral of  $|f|^{-e}$  is finite near a given zero of  $f(x,y)$ .

Dr. Greenblatt received the PhD in Mathematics from Princeton University in 1998. He was a C.L.E. Moore Instructor at Massachusetts Institute of Technology from 1998-2001 and also held a visiting appointment at Univ. of Wisconsin, Madison. Presently, he is employed at Metron, Inc. His research interests include geometric analysis with a special emphasis on finding new methods of resolving singularities and applying these methods to problems in analysis.

**DATE: Monday, April 11, 2005**  
**TIME: 10:30 – 11:30 AM**  
**PLACE: Math and Physics Building, Room 233**